# BROCAW BLAZERS <br> TRACK <br> TRAINING PROGRAM 

## PHILOSOPHY

My training philosophy is based on a three(3) day on and one(1) day off training program for younger runners. I firmly believe that a drastic increase in mileage is unnecessary and is in fact harmful to the physical, mental, and emotional well being of younger runners in the United States. It has and will continue to be my goal to gradually increase both volume and intensity as each runner matures from year to year. I therefore suggest the following guidelines for a fall/cross country training schedule.

## Age Group Minute Amounts per day and 3 day cycle

6-8 - 18-22 min/54-66 minutes
9-10-25-27 min/75-81 minutes
11-12-30-32 min runs with one run per week of $35 \mathrm{~min} / 90-100$ minutes
13 - 35-40 min runs with one run per week of 40 min with a four day cycle
14-40 min runs with one run per week of 45 min during the four day cycle
April 15-30. Easy runs of no more than minutes listed above. The $11 \& 12$ group may run one (1) run during the 2 nd week of 35 minutes. Always follow the 3 day training/on and 1 day no running/off cycle. Heartrate should only be between 160-175 bpm to accomplish this easy/aerobic training.
May 1-15. One day of the 3 day cycle should be a type B workout and the other days easy/aerobic. By this time the runners should be at the minute rates suggested per day and per cycle.
May 16 - Nationals. Continue the 3 day on 1 day off cycle as follows:

## $\frac{\text { Day } 1}{\text { Type A }} \quad \underset{\text { Type B/C }}{\text { Day } 2} \quad \frac{\text { Day } 3}{\text { Easy }} \quad \frac{\text { Day } 4}{\text { Off }} \quad \frac{\text { Day } 5}{\text { Easy }} \quad \underset{\text { Type A or B }}{\text { Day } 6} \quad \frac{\text { Day } 7}{\text { Easy }} \quad \frac{\text { Day } 8}{\text { Off }}$

Any variation of this sequence may be used for scheduling conflicts except the following. Type A workouts may not follow a type B workout during a 3 day cycle. You may have 2 x type A and 1 type B or C workout per week or 1 x type A, 1 type $B$ and 1 type $C$ workout per week. Always allow one(1) off day and at least one(1) easy day following the last type A or B workout of the previous cycle before attempting the next type A or B workout. All other runs must be easy/aerobic or heartrate(HR) of $160-175 \mathrm{bpm}$. That's all!

## IMPORTANT NOTES

All Type A \& B workouts should have a 5 minute warm-up (WU) and cooldown (CD) for the 10 \& under group, a 7 min WU and CD for the $11 \& 12$ group, and a 10 min WU and CD for the 13 \& 14 group. Include 4-6 build-ups at the end of the Type A WU! All Type A \& B workouts should be done with the wind if possible!

## HIGH SCHOOL ADAPTATIONS

Many coaches and parents have asked me to continue my program of development for age group runners to reflect the basic needs of a high school program. It is with this goal in mind that I provide the following recommendations in order to continue to improve a runner's performance. These recommendations should allow adjustments for individual/team needs and differences while at the same time improving the chances of a running career beyond the high school level.

|  | General Minute Recommendations by Age |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Weekly }\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Weekly } \\ \text { Volume }\end{array}$ | Long Run |  |
| Age | Volume | Long Run | Age | 14 | $200-245$ |$] 45$

I would suggest that adding five minutes to the above general weekly recommendations for high school boys would in most cases be appropriate due to three factors;

1. General physical strength differences with girls.
2. Many high school boys cross country races are 5 K while many girls races are in the 2 mile -4 K range with some 5 K races.
3. Men's collegiate cross country races are 5 miles or 10 K in length while the women's race does not go above 6 K .

Obviously the biggest challenge for a coach next to getting the best athletes out for track is the need for their athletes to run before actual school practices are allowed. My suggestion would be to target March $1^{\text {st }}$ for everyone. Any running the athlete does before that is gravy! In general the three(3) day on one(1) day off training cycle is impractical due to high school practice times. I suggest one(1) day be taken off each week. I would not recommend two(2) rest days back to back except for illness or injury.

March 1-14. Always follow the six(6) day training/on and 1 day no running/off cycle if possible. Easy runs of no more than 30 minutes the first 3 days. Easy runs of 35 minutes the next 3 days. Take a rest day. Easy runs of 40 minutes the next 6 days. Then a rest day. Stay at $40-45$ easy minutes the next six days. One of these days may be a 50 minute run. Generally heart rates need only be between $155-170 \mathrm{bpm}$ for girls and $150-165$ bpm for boys to accomplish this easy or aerobic training! These heartrate zones should be slowly attained by about 6-7 minutes and maintained for the duration of the easy and/or long run. After the run, allow the HR to reach 90 bpm before going inside to stretch.

March 15-31. Two days of the next seven(7) should be a type B workout with at least 2 easy days between the type B workouts. The other days are easy/aerobic days with one day off for the week. The next week you may change the second type B to an A. Continue the volume progression suggested above until the weekly volume and long run goals are attained. I would suggest a $10-$ $20 \%$ decrease in total volume in all training areas every 4th week for needed regeneration before starting to increase the volume again.
April 1 - State. As most meets take place on either Thursday or Saturday I would recommend the following schedules with those race days in mind;

| Saturday Race | SUN | MON | TUES | WED | THUR | FRI | SAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Generally | Off | Long | Type A | Type B/C | Easy | Easy | Race |
| Perfect | Long | Easy | Type A | Type B/C | Off | Easy | Race |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thursday Race | SUN | MON | TUES | WED | THUR | FRIDAY | SAT |
| Generally | Long | Type A | Easy | Easy | Race | Type B/C | Off |

Perfect - Same as above

## Food for Thought

I think it is extremely important that your runners can see variety and improvement which is why I would show them the same workout one time every 3-4 weeks. They are getting in shape and will usually notice drastic improvements from the same workout before. What a psychological benefit! All Type A \& B workouts should be done with the wind! Stretching should take place after the CD or easy run. No stretching before the workout! You may stretch a bit after the WU. I would recommend $25-30$ easy min the day before the races and then $6-8 \times 180$ meter build-ups with easy $20-30$ meter walk between. I also think mimicking race WU/CD is extremely important. That is why on Type A/C days I would always suggest the same WU/CD of 10 minutes with 6-8 strides at the end of the WU. Whatever you choose to use on these Type A/C days should be exactly what you do on race days! Type B workouts should have about the same 10 minute WU/CD without the need for strides. I would substitute a pool WO for an easy run one day a week if you have access to a pool. I would also substitute a pool WO for all secondary runs for any two a days. Every 3-4 weeks you must have a regeneration week with a reduction in volume and intensity.

## Racing Comments

The schedule above would suggest that I prefer meets on Thursday. Nothing could be further from the truth! Having races on Saturdays allows the runner to become accustomed to racing on the exact day of the week and around the same time as their most important races of the year, the regional and state meets. Racing on Saturday also allows you to have a bit more say in their weekly schedule. The need to have fun and enjoy running is very important. I do not believe in racing more than once a week. Racing more than once a week is very taxing both mentally and physically. Therefore, if more than one race is scheduled for the week I would use one as the workout that should be scheduled that day and really have fun with it. I wouldn't care about the individual or team placement. In fact not racing a week around midseason would be wise in my book. I would also only emphasize 1 or 2 meets to use as benchmarks during the season along with the regional and state meets.

## Parting Thoughts

Of all the recommendations that I can make the most important is for coaches and parents to have a positive attitude at all times. Always find something good about the workout or race to emphasize. Secondly, they are just kids let them have some fun! Running can be fun!

## Type A Workouts

## 1. Races

2. 2.5-3 x 5 min runs of; 2 minutes hard $/ 1$ minute easier $/ 2$ minutes hard with $3-4 \mathrm{~min}$ recovery 3. 5-6 x 3 min runs of $\quad$ A. 60 seconds hard/60 seconds easier with $2: 30-2: 45 \mathrm{~min}$ recovery A or B. $\quad$ B. 40 seconds hard/20 seconds easier with $2: 30-2: 45 \mathrm{~min}$ recovery Notes: Full recovery (HR to $120-130 \mathrm{bpm}$ ) between each rep before starting the 2 nd set. The hard part \# 2 needs to be a touch faster than 5 K race pace and the easier part should be a touch slower. Similarly 3A \& 3B should reflect 3200 m paces. In other words, they slow down but not much! The distance run for that particular WO should gradually get farther as the season progresses.
3. 5-8 x Repeat Hills - If possible find a hill approximately 150-200 meters in length. Start on the flat at the bottom and run up the hill and at the top continue running for another 50-100 meters. This teaches the runner to finish the hill and to continue the pace. Too many runners are satisfied with having made it up the hill that they get beat on the top and lose the race at this point. Walk/jog back down and start again.
4. Good Terrain with Known 100 Meter Marks or Track:
A. $6 \times 400 \mathrm{~m}$ with each 100 meters at the same/equal pace with the same recovery between each 400 m or 2 Sets of $4 \times 400$ with full recovery between sets:
5. Set pace per 400 m at mile goal pace and allow 90 sec recovery between each 400 m .
6. Second time use same 400 m pace but only allow 75 sec recovery between.
7. Third time use same 400 m pace but only allow 60 sec recovery between 400 's.
B. 300 m repeats with each 100 meters at the same pace. Walk 100 m in 60 sec and repeat. 2 Sets of $4 \times 300 \mathrm{~m}$ with each 100 meters at the same pace. Full recovery between sets and then repeat. 13-14 age group may do 3 Sets of $4 \times 300 \mathrm{~m}$ or 2 sets of 5 x 300 m . These should always be done with the wind for the 300 m part.
C. As in 2 . A, B, C and D above can be done on the track only if it is too muddy to be done on the grass or roads.

## Type B Workouts

1. Hill Repeats - Find a course with some hills and run everything easy except for the uphills and the tops.
2. Fartlek - 10 sec hard, 10 sec easier, 20 sec hard, 20 sec easier, 30 sec hard, 30 sec easier,... up to, 80 sec hard, 80 sec easier, and then 70 sec hard, 70 sec easier, 60 sec hard, 60 sec easier, 50 sec hard, 50 sec easier,...down to, 10 sec hard, 10 sec easier and then CD. Total time is 21:20. At first just do this one up to 70 sec hard then 70 sec easier and go back down.
3. Tempo/Lactate Threshold Run - 20 minute run at $85-92 \%$ of HR Max or no faster than a pace that increases breathing to the point where conversation stops and focus shifts from passing time while running to the actual work of running. This is usually slightly slower than 10 K pace.
4. Cruise Intervals - 3 or 5 min runs at a pace $30-45$ seconds slower than mile race pace. Take a 30 sec break ( 3 min ) and a 60 sec break ( 5 min ) then repeat enough for a total of 20-25 minutes. 5. Indian Running - In groups of 4-6 get in single file and start running. The last person in line surges to the front and becomes the leader. As soon as they get there the new last person surges to the front.
5. Speed Sandwich - Run 20 sec blazing and 2 min easy for the entire workout.

## Type C Workouts

1. Base 400's - Run a 300 m all out, rest for 30 sec and then run 100 m all out. Rest $8-10 \mathrm{~min}$ and repeat. Add the time for the $300 \mathrm{~m} \& 100 \mathrm{~m}$ together for the total 400 m time. The total time is a great projection for their ability to run an open 400 m . The goal is to have both 400's identical in time and to improve these times each time the WO is repeated.
2. 800m Type WO's
A. Run 500 m at 800 m race pace then rest a $3 / 1$ ratio and then run 300 m at 800 m pace. Rest $8-10$ minutes and repeat. Keep track of all the times. If the athlete can run the last repeat as fast or faster they are ready to run this WO faster the next time.
B. Run 400 m at 800 m race pace, rest 30 seconds and then run 200 m . Rest $8-10$ minutes and repeat 2 times.
C. Run 300 m at 800 m race pace, rest 30 seconds and then run 300 m . Rest $8-10$ minutes and repeat 2 times.
D. Run $4 \times 200 \mathrm{~m}$ at 800 m race pace with 30 seconds between each. Rest $8-10$ minutes and repeat.

## 3. Other Speed WO's

A. $4-6 \times 150 \mathrm{~m}$. Jog into each with a 250 m walk/jog between.
B. 30 sec run, 90 sec recovery, 45 sec run, 2 min recovery, 45 sec run, 2 min recovery, 30 sec run. Starting point is the last stopping point. Measure distance run each time as well as total distance and record. Should notice an improvement each new WO.
C. $10 \times 100 \mathrm{~m}$ total volume 1000 m . Break into sets of $4,3,3$ or 2 sets of 5 . Allow 3 times the work time for recovery and then 3 minutes recovery between sets. Gradually increase this to 1500 m of volume.
D. 2-3 sets $5 \times 20 \mathrm{sec}$ efforts ( 1 min recovery) with a 5 min jog between.

Type C workouts provide you with many incredible opportunities to monitor technique while the athlete is tired. Remind them to relax and concentrate on form as they get fatigued! All Type C workouts except $3 \mathrm{C} \& 3 \mathrm{D}$ should be done in spikes!

## Remember to WU \& CD for all Type A, B and C workouts!

